



Agencia Tributaria

**TAX REVENUE
MONTHLY REPORT**

MAY 2017





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I. TAX REVENUE PERFORMANCE

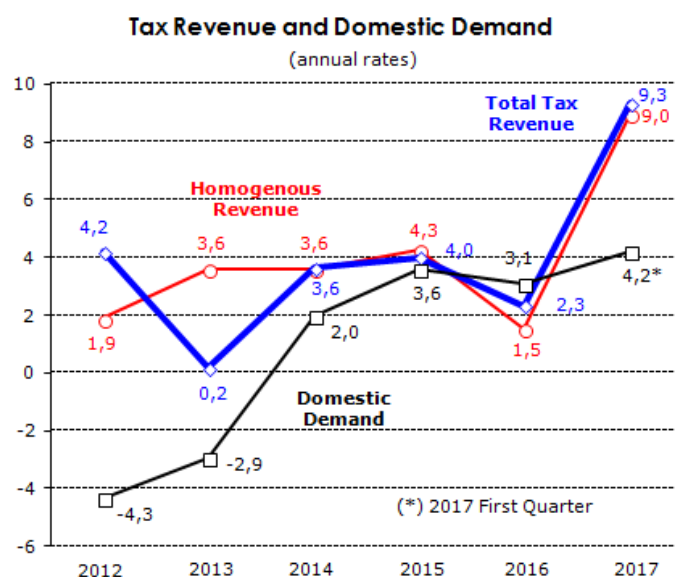
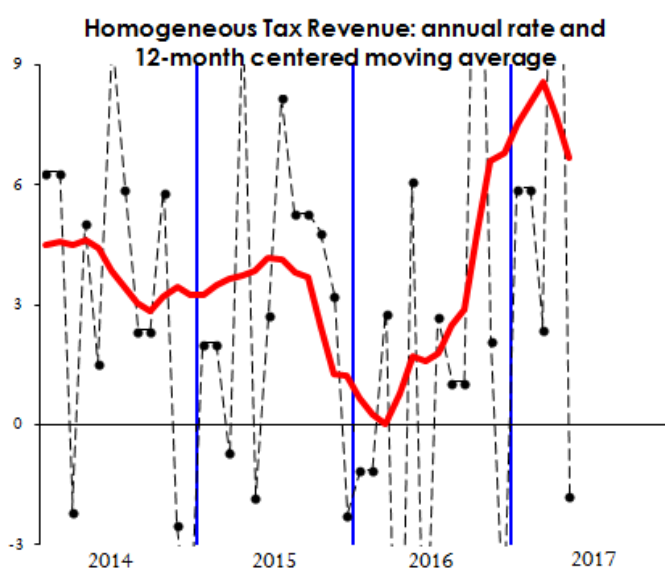
1. Headlines.

Total Tax revenue went to €8.4 billion in May, 7.2% above the same month of 2016 (€0.6 billion). The main cause was linked to the different amount of refunds paid to taxpayers in 2016/2017 (€0.5 billion less this year), while the gross receipts increased by 0.8%.

From January to May Total Tax Revenue grew by 9.3%, 8.1% the gross receipts and 3.8% the refunds. Once amended the effects of the different refunds schedules in 2016-2017, public withholdings deferments, Health extra charge refunds and the different collection time of some levies, **homogeneous revenue rose by 9%.**

In May, usual withholdings, VAT, Excise Taxes and Insurance Premium Tax monthly self-assessments were entered. The first quarter of large corporations in Electricity Excise Tax, small businesses in the taxes on Alcohol, Beer and Intermediate Products, and the first third of the year of Tax on Fluorinated Gases were collected as well.

The issues underlying the growth of revenue in the first five months remained unchanged: the improvement of employment and spending (which stimulates the growth of payroll withholdings and VAT), prices increase (it is behind the boost of VAT, Environmental Taxes and Electricity Excise Tax) and the law changes impacts (which did speed up, among other factors, first instalment receipts in Corporate Income Tax, and that will do so throughout the year in the case of VAT and Excise Taxes). May, however, has not had as positive evolution in some items as in other months essentially because of two facts: Easter fell in April this year (which affected, mostly, to VAT and Fuel Tax revenue) and, on the other hand, the comparison with a period of 2016 in which payroll withholdings were specially high. These two unfavorable elements have been balanced by the lower amount of refunds paid, by the collection in May of the Levy on Radio and Electric Spectrum Use (usually yielded in April) and by the recovery of capital withholdings.





Until May, the impact on revenue of current laws changes went up to €2.8 billion. Table 0 shows the results with detail of items and figures.

The amount is nearly the same estimated in April. In May, there was only the novelty of rates rise in Fluorinated Gases Tax, after a three-year transitional period. The rest of positive impacts are those noticed in VAT, linked to the changes in deferments management (in May the impact is smaller because there are only monthly self-assessments), and in Excise Taxes, because of Tobacco and Alcohol taxes rates rise. These positive impacts are offset by the negative effects of the recovery in 2016 of the Christmas bonus for public employees and, additionally, of changes in court fees.

Table 0
LAW CHANGES IMPACTS
€ Million

	2017					TOTAL
	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>-386</u>	<u>2,594</u>	<u>627</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>-48</u>	<u>2,841</u>
2012 Christmas bonus recovery for public officials	-354					-354
PIT Reform	-64					-64
· Payroll withholdings	-37					-37
· Capital withholdings	-27					-27
PIT Instalments changes	28					28
Withholdings on sales of preferential subscription rights	4	2				6
CT Reform		-11				-11
CT Instalments changes		2,603				2,603
Non-Residents Tax Reform					-6	-6
New rules about deferments			627			627
Tobacco rates rise				44		44
Alcohol rates rise				10		10
Tax on fluorinated greenhouse gases					9	9
Court Fees					-51	-51

2. Main items evolution.

Table R1
TAX REVENUE (total & homogeneous) and REFUNDS EVOLUTION by items
Annual Rates

	2015	2016	2017*	I.16	II.16	III.16	IV.16	I.17	II.17*
Total Tax Revenue	4.0	2.3	9.3	0.3	-5.0	3.7	7.9	5.5	14.6
· Personal Income Tax	-0,4	0,1	3,4	-5,6	-3,2	4,5	3,6	2,3	5,6
· Corporation Tax	10,3	5,0	---	1,4	-40,7	5,4	26,1	2,9	74,9
· Value Added Tax	7,4	4,2	8,2	3,7	5,1	5,9	2,4	8,4	7,8
· Excise Taxes	0,2	3,8	2,1	5,3	3,2	3,6	3,1	0,8	3,8
· Other revenue	14,7	-1,3	5,2	19,6	12,7	-17,9	-11,5	4,8	5,6
Refunds	-2.6	-1.2	3.8	-10.4	-0.6	-6.4	13.7	5.4	2.1
· Personal Income Tax	1,3	3,6	5,2	13,7	1,9	-2,8	16,2	34,5	0,5
· Corporation Tax	2,2	7,4	-0,4	-8,0	28,0	-27,4	67,1	1,3	-26,7
· Value Added Tax	-7,3	-4,6	7,2	-10,2	-3,3	-5,6	-1,0	6,5	7,8
· Excise Taxes	48,9	-45,3	-38,6	-67,2	-45,4	-49,8	-8,4	-44,9	-33,9
· Other revenue	1,1	-1,9	2,5	-38,0	12,6	-5,3	44,3	15,8	-11,0
Homogeneous Tax Revenue	4.3	1.5	9.0	-0.3	-6.5	1.9	9.2	5.2	14.5
· Personal Income Tax	-0,9	0,0	4,4	-2,8	-6,3	2,8	4,1	3,5	6,0
· Corporation Tax	15,7	4,1	72,8	-97,2	-40,8	4,5	40,5	---	74,7
· Value Added Tax	6,6	3,0	9,0	2,2	3,8	3,7	2,6	9,2	8,6
· Excise Taxes	1,9	1,0	0,5	1,2	0,0	1,6	1,3	-0,8	2,3
· Other revenue	14,9	-0,9	5,6	19,7	13,9	-18,3	-8,9	3,9	8,3

*Rates worked out for the quarterly or annual period in which there are available data

- **Personal Income Tax increased by 3.4%** until May, one percentage point higher once removed the effect of the different refunds schedules in 2016/2017 and after making other amendments (**4.4% homogeneous**).

PIT increase was high in May (9.3%) thanks to the lower amount of refunds paid. Concerning gross receipts, their performance was worse than in previous months (it has to be recalled that one of the factors that drive the most of revenue evolution is Large Corporations and Small Businesses withholdings growth). Three reasons can explain this pace: the comparison with a period in which some large companies included extraordinary payrolls, the recovery in May 2016 of a part of Christmas bonus lost in 2012 by public employees (in Public Administrations and Public Corporations), and the yield of some withholdings deferments in May of the last year. As it can be seen easily, these three issues will produce a temporary effect, specially the first two of them. The final consequence was a 1.2% increase in Large Corporations withholdings (compared to 4.2% up to April) and a decrease of 3.4% in those coming from AA.PP. (they grew by 3.1% until April, without taking into account receipts from previous periods).

A new in May was the growth of capital withholdings, that were declining until April and whose trend in recent years has been definitely downward due to the fall of interest rates and time deposits, which were traditionally the main financial asset for families. The increase in May was mainly due to the different dividend payment scheduling of two banks. On the other hand, following the pattern of prior months, there was a strong increase (42.7%) of investment funds withholdings.

This month, it begins to be included in the report the follow-up of 2016 PIT annual return campaign, which started in April and whose deadline takes place at the end of June. Table A6 shows the available data, up to



May. The part to be highlighted at this time is the evolution of refunds claims. In the first two months of the year, €4 billion of refunds were paid. This means a 38.2% of total refunds expected to be paid all along the campaign, a 1.5% more than in the same period of 2016.

TABLE A6
PIT 2016 ANUAL RETURN
(data up to May)

	(million)			Percentage on expected amounts		
	PIT 2016	PIT 2015	%	PIT 2016	PIT 2015	Diference
RECEIPTS	65	52	25,3 %	0,8 %	0,7 %	0,1 %
REFUNDS	4.917	4.830	1,8 %	43,3 %	41,5 %	1,9 %
Campaign	3.969	3.950	0,5 %	38,2 %	36,7 %	1,5 %
Family Refunds	948	880	7,7 %	100,0 %	100,0 %	0,0 %
ANNUAL RETURN	-4.851	-4.777	-1,6 %			

- **Corporate Tax** evolution continued to be erratic and difficult to understand. As can be seen in Table R1, the rate of accumulated revenue up to May gives out an odd value and, considering homogeneous revenue, the result is unusually high too. The reasons are diverse. Firstly, the fact that last year first instalment was very low (after the removal of laws that had raised it in previous years) and not enough to cover the annual return refunds paid (therefore negative values were still recorded in CT accumulated until May 2016). Secondly, the impact on the first instalment of 2017 of rules passed through RDL 2/2017, in force since October of last year. Finally, the existence of a very high receipts from compliance control in May 2016. Thus, to follow the underlying growth trend of the tax these distortions have to be amended: if CT homogeneous is worked out without law changes and compliance control effects the result is an **8.5%** estimate growth until May.
- **VAT revenue grew by 8.2% until May.** The rate scales by **9% homogeneous**. Removing the effect of new rules on deferments, VAT would have advanced by **6.8%**.

As in Personal Income Tax, the figure for the month was a significant increase over the last year (7.8%), but most of the boost stems from the lower amount of refunds paid. Gross VAT, in opposition, was lower than in previous months and, in particular, significantly lower than in April: Import and Monthly Gross VAT grew by 3% in May (accruals of April) compared to 12.9% in April (accruals of March). This drastic change can be explained by the effect of Easter calendars (it was held this year in April, while in March the last year). Analyzing the two months as a whole, VAT grew by 8%, an increase similar to that observed in the first three months of the year. Anyhow, when evaluating these performances, it must be also beared in mind the greater amount of refunds claims that have been taking place from the beginning of the year and which will slow revenue enhancement in the coming months.



- **Accumulated homogeneous Total Excise Taxes rose by 0.5%.** Also in these items the figures of May have remained below those of April. The reasons are diverse. About Fuel Tax, the main cause is the effect of Easter calendar. In April the increase was 6.1%, while in May the homogenous revenue is almost the same than in 2016. If the average April-May is used, it would have grown by 3.3%, higher than in previous months. In the same period, the consumptions of gasoline and diesel fuel (which are the ones that determine the evolution of the tax) grew by 2.7%, within a slightly downward trend. Tobacco Tax losses (-2%) were again recorded, although, once the effects of overstocking have been absorbed in December, they can only be explained by the irregularity of the series. Finally, revenue from Electricity Tax decreased by 12.9% in May. The data was unexpected given the increase in previous months (9% in March, 5.8% in April), linked to price increases. The explanation is found in two temporary factors: the higher than normal income that occurred in the same month last year and the adjustments in the billing dates that were made in April by some of the largest taxpayers.



<u>II. STATS TABLES</u>

1. REVENUE BY TAXES AND ITS ALLOCATION BY ADMINISTRATIONS

Table 1.1

ABSTRACT. CURRENT MONTH AND YEAR TO DATE

(€ Million)

CURRENT MONTH	2017			2016			% 17/16	
	Central Gov.	Local Adm.	Total	Central Gov.	Local Adm.	Total	Central Gov.	Total
Personal Income Tax	- 970	3 060	2 090	- 940	2 852	1 912	-3,2	9,3
Corporation Tax	181		181	543		543	-66,6	-66,6
Non-residents tax	99		99	64		64	53,8	53,8
Environmental Taxes	369		369	262		262	40,8	40,8
Other	12		12	15		15	-25,2	-25,2
DIRECT TAXES	- 309	3 060	2 751	- 55	2 852	2 797	-	-1,6
Value Added Tax	540	2 612	3 152	419	2 505	2 924	28,8	7,8
+ Import VAT	1 204		1 204	1 101		1 101	9,4	9,4
+ Domestic transactions	- 664	2 612	1 948	- 682	2 505	1 823	2,6	6,8
Excise Taxes	499	1 052	1 551	509	1 048	1 557	-2,1	-0,4
+ Alcohol	25	39	64	29	39	68	-15,3	-5,8
+ Beer	7	15	22	8	15	23	-8,4	-2,6
+ Fuels	308	549	857	288	546	835	6,8	2,7
+ Tobacco	184	328	513	196	327	523	-5,9	-2,0
+ Electricity	- 27	119	92	- 13	119	106	-101,5	-12,9
+ Coal	0		0	0		0	-	-
+ Others	2	1	3	2	1	3	2,2	1,8
Insurance Premium Tax	121		121	119		119	1,1	1,1
Custom Duties	143		143	128		128	11,4	11,4
Other	44		44	46		46	-4,6	-4,6
INDIRECT TAXES	1 346	3 664	5 010	1 222	3 553	4 775	10,1	4,9
FEES AND OTHER REVENUE	604		604	231		231	161,2	161,2
TOTAL AMOUNT	1 641	6 724	8 365	1 398	6 404	7 802	17,4	7,2

YEAR TO DATE	2017			2016			% 17/16	
	Central Gov.	Local Adm.	Total	Central Gov.	Local Adm.	Total	Central Gov.	Total
Personal Income Tax	14 611	15 299	29 911	14 682	14 259	28 941	-0,5	3,4
Corporation Tax	2 213		2 213	- 539		- 539	-	-
Non-residents tax	877		877	702		702	24,9	24,9
Environmental Taxes	760		760	668		668	13,8	13,8
Other	57		57	61		61	-6,7	-6,7
DIRECT TAXES	18 519	15 299	33 818	15 574	14 259	29 833	18,9	13,4
Value Added Tax	17 989	13 060	31 049	16 176	12 525	28 702	11,2	8,2
+ Import VAT	6 212		6 212	5 582		5 582	11,3	11,3
+ Domestic transactions	11 777	13 060	24 837	10 594	12 525	23 120	11,2	7,4
Excise Taxes	2 828	5 260	8 088	2 685	5 238	7 923	5,3	2,1
+ Alcohol	126	196	322	97	193	291	29,7	10,8
+ Beer	26	76	103	26	76	102	0,8	0,4
+ Fuels	1 777	2 746	4 523	1 580	2 732	4 312	12,5	4,9
+ Tobacco	769	1 641	2 410	889	1 635	2 524	-13,5	-4,5
+ Electricity	- 41	597	556	- 47	596	549	13,7	1,2
+ Coal	166		166	130		130	27,1	27,1
+ Others	5	5	9	10	5	15	-52,9	-35,1
Insurance Premium Tax	614		614	572		572	7,2	7,2
Custom Duties	772		772	750		750	3,0	3,0
Other	106		106	108		108	-1,9	-1,9
INDIRECT TAXES	22 309	18 319	40 628	20 291	17 763	38 054	9,9	6,8
FEES AND OTHER REVENUE	1 082		1 082	1 197		1 197	-9,6	-9,6
TOTAL AMOUNT	41 910	33 619	75 529	37 062	32 022	69 084	13,1	9,3

Table 1.2: EVOLUTION. MONTHLY AND YEAR TO DATE
(€ Million)

	MONTHLY						YEAR TO DATE					
	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2016												
Jan	10 133	-3 752	20	1 673	672	8 747	10 133	-3 752	20	1 673	672	8 747
Feb	5 012	- 381	14 167	1 470	982	21 250	15 145	-4 133	14 187	3 144	1 654	29 996
Mar	4 411	79	3 431	1 489	593	10 003	19 556	-4 054	17 618	4 633	2 247	40 000
Apr	7 473	2 972	8 159	1 733	945	21 282	27 029	-1 082	25 777	6 366	3 192	61 282
May	1 912	543	2 924	1 557	866	7 802	28 941	- 539	28 702	7 923	4 058	69 084
Jun	2 196	335	2 619	1 607	872	7 629	31 136	- 204	31 321	9 530	4 930	76 713
Jul	14 388	638	8 989	1 740	710	26 464	45 524	433	40 309	11 270	5 641	103 177
Aug	4 422	4 863	4 009	1 770	669	15 733	49 946	5 296	44 319	13 040	6 309	118 910
Sep	3 641	370	2 862	1 795	931	9 599	53 587	5 667	47 181	14 835	7 240	128 510
Oct	8 199	13 402	8 979	1 750	652	32 981	61 786	19 069	56 161	16 584	7 892	161 491
Nov	6 038	- 520	3 605	1 619	943	11 684	67 824	18 548	59 765	18 203	8 834	173 175
Dec	4 592	3 130	3 080	1 663	608	13 073	72 416	21 678	62 845	19 866	9 443	186 249
2017												
Jan	10 764	-3 820	37	1 806	656	9 443	10 764	-3 820	37	1 806	656	9 443
Feb	4 988	- 85	15 264	1 387	938	22 491	15 751	-3 905	15 301	3 193	1 594	31 934
Mar	4 247	- 31	3 800	1 478	762	10 256	19 998	-3 936	19 101	4 671	2 356	42 190
Apr	7 822	5 967	8 796	1 866	522	24 974	27 820	2 031	27 897	6 537	2 878	67 164
May	2 090	181	3 152	1 551	1 390	8 365	29 911	2 213	31 049	8 088	4 268	75 529
Jun												
Jul												
Aug												
Sep												
Oct												
Nov												
Dec												

GROWTH RATES (%)

	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2012	1,2	29,0	2,4	-4,1	11,0	4,2	1,2	29,0	2,4	-4,1	11,0	4,2
2013	-0,9	-7,0	2,9	4,7	1,4	0,2	-0,9	-7,0	2,9	4,7	1,4	0,2
2014	3,9	-6,2	8,2	0,2	4,9	3,6	3,9	-6,2	8,2	0,2	4,9	3,6
2015	-0,4	10,3	7,4	0,2	14,7	4,0	-0,4	10,3	7,4	0,2	14,7	4,0
2016	0,1	5,0	4,2	3,8	-1,3	2,3	0,1	5,0	4,2	3,8	-1,3	2,3

	MONTHLY						YEAR TO DATE					
	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2016												
Jan	-4,4	-9,6	-94,8	3,3	17,6	-10,4	-4,4	-9,6	-94,8	3,3	17,6	-10,4
Feb	-5,3	39,2	4,2	0,1	7,5	2,9	-4,7	-2,1	1,4	1,7	11,4	-1,4
Mar	-8,7	-	14,3	13,8	50,5	5,6	-5,6	1,4	3,7	5,3	19,6	0,3
Apr	-0,2	-48,1	2,3	-2,1	27,3	-10,2	-4,2	-	3,2	3,2	21,7	-3,6
May	-3,5	166,1	5,1	7,2	3,3	7,5	-4,1	-	3,4	4,0	17,3	-2,5
Jun	-12,2	-41,4	15,3	5,4	9,0	-0,5	-4,7	-	4,3	4,2	15,7	-2,3
Jul	4,8	2,2	5,3	6,7	-33,3	3,4	-1,9	-85,6	4,5	4,6	5,9	-0,9
Aug	-0,4	1,9	14,2	-2,9	-16,3	2,5	-1,8	-32,0	5,3	3,5	3,0	-0,4
Sep	9,5	115,6	-2,2	7,7	-2,0	6,2	-1,1	-28,8	4,8	4,0	2,3	0,0
Oct	4,8	48,1	3,8	1,2	3,0	18,3	-0,4	12,1	4,7	3,7	2,4	3,3
Nov	1,3	-	-0,5	-2,3	-8,0	-3,6	-0,2	10,0	4,3	3,1	1,2	2,8
Dec	4,7	-17,4	1,9	11,3	-26,8	-3,3	0,1	5,0	4,2	3,8	-1,3	2,3
2017												
Jan	6,2	-1,8	80,3	8,0	-2,3	8,0	6,2	-1,8	80,3	8,0	-2,3	8,0
Feb	-0,5	77,7	7,7	-5,7	-4,6	5,8	4,0	5,5	7,8	1,6	-3,6	6,5
Mar	-3,7	-	10,8	-0,8	28,4	2,5	2,3	2,9	8,4	0,8	4,8	5,5
Apr	4,7	100,8	7,8	7,7	-44,7	17,3	2,9	-	8,2	2,7	-9,8	9,6
May	9,3	-66,6	7,8	-0,4	60,5	7,2	3,4	-	8,2	2,1	5,2	9,3
Jun												
Jul												
Aug												
Sep												
Oct												
Nov												
Dec												

2. REFUNDS, LOCAL ADMINISTRATIONS SHARE AND OTHER REDUCTIONS. GROSS RECEIPTS

Table 2.1

REFUNDS, LOCAL ADMINISTRATIONS SHARES AND OTHER REDUCTIONS. CURRENT MONTH AND YEAR TO DATE
(€ Million)

	MAY				YEAR TO DATE			
	2017	2016	Comparison 17/16		2017	2016	Comparison 17/16	
			Difference	%			Difference	%
Personal Income tax	2 456	2 665	- 209	-7,9	5 202	4 946	256	5,2
+ Annual Return Result	2 438	2 648	- 210	-7,9	4 962	4 884	78	1,6
+ AEAT Assessments	6	8	- 2	-26,6	34	28	6	22,7
+ Other refunds	12	9	3	34,5	202	33	169	-
+ Spanish Government Treasury	0	0	0	-	4	1	3	-
Corporation Tax	135	118	17	14,8	5 594	5 619	- 25	-0,4
+ Annual Return Result	107	76	31	41,3	5 329	5 249	80	1,5
+ AEAT Assessments	25	40	- 15	-37,1	179	356	- 177	-49,6
+ Other refunds	3	2	1	58,7	86	14	72	-
Non-Residents Tax	31	52	- 21	-40,6	218	220	- 2	-0,8
Value Added Tax	1 990	2 157	- 166	-7,7	8 828	8 237	592	7,2
+ Yearly and other	745	733	11	1,5	2 173	1 987	186	9,3
+ Monthly	1 246	1 423	- 178	-12,5	6 024	5 728	296	5,2
+ Basque Country Taxation Clearings	0	0	0	-	424	376	48	12,7
+ Navarra Taxation Clearings	0	0	0	-	208	145	63	43,2
Excise Taxes	12	43	- 31	-71,8	143	233	- 90	-38,6
Other Refunds	49	91	- 42	-46,6	330	314	15	4,9
TOTAL REFUNDS	4 673	5 125	- 452	-8,8	20 315	19 568	746	3,8
Personal Income tax	3 074	2 866	208	7,3	15 462	14 421	1 041	7,2
+ Catholic Church share	15	15	0	-0,4	163	163	0	0,0
+ Local Administrations PIT share	3 060	2 852	208	7,3	15 299	14 259	1 041	7,3
Local Administrations VAT share	2 612	2 505	107	4,3	13 060	12 525	534	4,3
Local Administrations Excise Taxes share	1 052	1 048	4	0,4	5 260	5 238	22	0,4
TOTAL REDUCTIONS	6 738	6 419	319	5,0	33 781	32 185	1 597	5,0
Personal Income tax	5 530	5 532	- 1	0,0	20 664	19 367	1 296	6,7
Corporation Tax	135	118	17	14,8	5 594	5 619	- 25	-0,4
Non-Residents Tax	31	52	- 21	-40,6	218	220	- 2	-0,8
Value Added Tax	4 602	4 662	- 60	-1,3	21 888	20 762	1 126	5,4
Excise Taxes	1 064	1 090	- 26	-2,4	5 403	5 471	- 68	-1,2
Other Refunds	49	91	- 42	-46,6	330	314	15	4,9
TOTAL REFUNDS AND REDUCTIONS	11 412	11 544	- 133	-1,2	54 096	51 753	2 343	4,5

Table 2.2
REFUNDS. EVOLUTION
(€ Million)

	MONTHLY						YEAR TO DATE					
	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2016												
Jan	261	4 328	1 338	27	92	6 045	261	4 328	1 338	27	92	6 045
Feb	222	731	1 210	40	76	2 278	483	5 059	2 547	66	168	8 323
Mar	202	209	1 273	32	101	1 817	685	5 268	3 820	98	269	10 140
Apr	1 596	233	2 260	91	123	4 303	2 281	5 501	6 080	190	392	14 443
May	2 665	118	2 157	43	143	5 125	4 946	5 619	8 237	233	534	19 568
Jun	2 783	181	2 455	41	141	5 601	7 729	5 800	10 692	273	675	25 170
Jul	1 403	135	2 423	43	74	4 076	9 132	5 935	13 114	316	749	29 246
Aug	393	29	1 488	22	54	1 986	9 525	5 963	14 602	338	803	31 232
Sep	571	47	1 921	24	81	2 644	10 096	6 010	16 523	362	884	33 876
Oct	696	63	2 101	66	132	3 059	10 792	6 073	18 624	429	1 016	36 935
Nov	716	1 187	1 647	20	85	3 654	11 508	7 260	20 271	449	1 101	40 589
Dec	552	1 252	2 115	98	134	4 151	12 060	8 512	22 386	547	1 235	44 740
2017												
Jan	295	4 544	1 499	11	112	6 461	295	4 544	1 499	11	112	6 461
Feb	240	492	1 394	22	103	2 251	535	5 036	2 893	33	215	8 712
Mar	386	301	1 174	21	97	1 980	921	5 337	4 068	54	312	10 692
Apr	1 825	121	2 770	77	157	4 949	2 746	5 459	6 838	131	469	15 642
May	2 456	135	1 990	12	79	4 673	5 202	5 594	8 828	143	548	20 315
Jun												
Jul												
Aug												
Sep												
Oct												
Nov												
Dec												

GROWTH RATES (%)

	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2012	-4,6	-10,6	-10,4	-33,7	13,5	-7,9	-4,6	-10,6	-10,4	-33,7	13,5	-7,9
2013	3,6	63,7	10,2	-6,6	12,9	15,1	3,6	63,7	10,2	-6,6	12,9	15,1
2014	-4,0	-13,3	-3,1	97,6	-62,2	-8,3	-4,0	-13,3	-3,1	97,6	-62,2	-8,3
2015	1,3	2,2	-7,3	48,9	1,1	-2,6	1,3	2,2	-7,3	48,9	1,1	-2,6
2016	3,6	7,4	-4,6	-45,3	-1,9	-1,2	3,6	7,4	-4,6	-45,3	-1,9	-1,2

	MONTHLY						YEAR TO DATE					
	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2016												
Jan	7,4	7,6	2,5	-71,8	-37,1	4,1	7,4	7,6	2,5	-71,8	-37,1	4,1
Feb	20,0	-28,2	-14,2	-61,8	-25,5	-19,2	12,9	0,4	-6,2	-66,6	-32,3	-3,5
Mar	15,6	-69,4	-17,3	-68,5	-45,5	-32,3	13,7	-8,0	-10,2	-67,2	-38,0	-10,4
Apr	-3,5	42,9	5,8	-37,8	-18,9	1,2	1,1	-6,6	-4,8	-57,6	-33,0	-7,2
May	6,4	1,4	1,7	-49,6	19,4	3,6	3,9	-6,4	-3,2	-56,3	-24,2	-4,6
Jun	1,1	33,1	-13,8	-53,8	56,5	-5,3	2,9	-5,5	-5,9	-56,0	-15,0	-4,8
Jul	-2,7	85,6	3,1	-52,9	11,6	1,4	2,0	-4,5	-4,3	-55,6	-13,0	-4,0
Aug	-0,2	-69,0	-29,7	-44,1	-29,6	-27,0	1,9	-5,4	-7,7	-55,0	-14,3	-5,8
Sep	-4,7	-62,3	12,3	-48,6	4,2	3,3	1,5	-6,5	-5,8	-54,6	-12,9	-5,2
Oct	18,1	-78,3	10,2	-1,5	58,9	4,1	2,4	-9,6	-4,2	-50,5	-7,5	-4,5
Nov	26,3	128,3	13,0	-56,8	1,3	36,6	3,6	0,3	-3,0	-50,8	-6,9	-1,8
Dec	3,4	82,5	-17,2	12,3	75,6	5,4	3,6	7,4	-4,6	-45,3	-1,9	-1,2
2017												
Jan	13,0	5,0	12,1	-57,9	21,6	6,9	13,0	5,0	12,1	-57,9	21,6	6,9
Feb	8,4	-32,7	15,2	-45,2	35,8	-1,2	10,9	-0,5	13,6	-50,3	28,1	4,7
Mar	91,0	44,0	-7,7	-33,8	-4,4	8,9	34,5	1,3	6,5	-44,9	15,8	5,4
Apr	14,3	-47,8	22,6	-16,1	27,9	15,0	20,4	-0,8	12,5	-31,1	19,6	8,3
May	-7,9	14,8	-7,7	-71,8	-44,4	-8,8	5,2	-0,4	7,2	-38,6	2,5	3,8
Jun												
Jul												
Aug												
Sep												
Oct												
Nov												
Dec												

Table 2.3
LOCAL ADMINISTRATIONS SHARES AND OTHER REDUCTIONS. EVOLUTION
(€ Million)

	MONTHLY						YEAR TO DATE					
	LOCAL ADMINISTRATIONS SHARES			CAT.CH.S. REDUCTIONS			LOCAL ADMINISTRATIONS SHARES			CAT.CH.S. REDUCTIONS		
	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2016												
Jan	2 852	2 505	1 048	6 404	104	6 509	2 852	2 505	1 048	6 404	104	6 509
Feb	2 852	2 505	1 048	6 404	15	6 419	5 703	5 010	2 095	12 809	119	12 928
Mar	2 852	2 505	1 048	6 404	15	6 419	8 555	7 515	3 143	19 213	134	19 347
Apr	2 852	2 505	1 048	6 404	15	6 419	11 407	10 020	4 191	25 618	148	25 766
May	2 852	2 505	1 048	6 404	15	6 419	14 259	12 525	5 238	32 022	163	32 185
Jun	2 852	2 505	1 048	6 404	15	6 419	17 110	15 030	6 286	38 427	177	38 604
Jul	5 186	3 716	603	9 505	15	9 519	22 296	18 746	6 889	47 931	192	48 123
Aug	2 910	2 553	1 049	6 512	17	6 528	25 206	21 299	7 938	54 443	209	54 651
Sep	2 852	2 505	1 048	6 405	15	6 419	28 058	23 805	8 985	60 848	223	61 071
Oct	2 855	2 503	1 047	6 405	15	6 419	30 912	26 308	10 032	67 252	238	67 490
Nov	2 852	2 505	1 048	6 405	15	6 419	33 764	28 813	11 080	73 657	252	73 909
Dec	2 853	2 504	1 047	6 404	15	6 419	36 617	31 317	12 127	80 061	267	80 328
2017												
Jan	3 060	2 612	1 052	6 724	105	6 828	3 060	2 612	1 052	6 724	105	6 828
Feb	3 060	2 612	1 052	6 724	15	6 738	6 120	5 224	2 104	13 447	119	13 567
Mar	3 060	2 612	1 052	6 724	15	6 738	9 180	7 836	3 156	20 171	134	20 305
Apr	3 060	2 612	1 052	6 724	15	6 738	12 239	10 448	4 208	26 895	148	27 043
May	3 060	2 612	1 052	6 724	15	6 738	15 299	13 060	5 260	33 619	163	33 781
Jun												
Jul												
Aug												
Sep												
Oct												
Nov												
Dec												
GROWTH RATES (%)												
	LOCAL ADMINISTRATIONS SHARES						LOCAL ADMINISTRATIONS SHARES					
	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2012	21,6	42,3	10,1	26,4	-53,5	26,0	21,6	42,3	10,1	26,4	-53,5	26,0
2013	-27,4	-22,4	-17,3	-24,0	55,7	-23,9	-27,4	-22,4	-17,3	-24,0	55,7	-23,9
2014	-1,8	4,9	10,2	2,7	0,5	2,7	-1,8	4,9	10,2	2,7	0,5	2,7
2015	6,9	0,0	-7,0	1,8	-1,1	1,8	6,9	0,0	-7,0	1,8	-1,1	1,8
2016	8,9	12,9	2,7	9,4	8,3	9,4	8,9	12,9	2,7	9,4	8,3	9,4
	MONTHLY						YEAR TO DATE					
	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2016												
Jan	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	-	5,1	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	-	5,1
Feb	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	10,0	3,6	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	-	4,4
Mar	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	14,6	3,6	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	-	4,1
Apr	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	-85,6	2,2	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	5,1	3,6
May	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	10,0	3,6	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	5,6	3,6
Jun	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	15,7	3,6	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	6,3	3,6
Jul	73,0	137,5	-15,3	80,2	10,0	80,0	13,2	18,3	1,1	13,1	6,6	13,1
Aug	4,6	7,2	13,3	6,9	25,3	7,0	12,1	16,8	2,5	12,4	7,9	12,3
Sep	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	10,0	3,6	11,1	15,5	2,6	11,4	8,0	11,4
Oct	2,3	5,1	2,9	3,5	10,0	3,5	10,2	14,4	2,6	10,6	8,1	10,6
Nov	2,6	5,9	3,4	4,0	10,0	4,0	9,5	13,6	2,7	10,0	8,2	10,0
Dec	2,5	5,2	3,0	3,6	10,0	3,6	8,9	12,9	2,7	9,4	8,3	9,4
2017												
Ene	7,3	4,3	0,4	5,0	0,2	4,9	7,3	4,3	0,4	5,0	0,2	4,9
Feb	7,3	4,3	0,4	5,0	-0,4	5,0	7,3	4,3	0,4	5,0	0,1	4,9
Mar	7,3	4,3	0,4	5,0	-0,4	5,0	7,3	4,3	0,4	5,0	0,1	5,0
Abr	7,3	4,3	0,4	5,0	-0,4	5,0	7,3	4,3	0,4	5,0	0,0	5,0
May	7,3	4,3	0,4	5,0	-0,4	5,0	7,3	4,3	0,4	5,0	0,0	5,0
Jun												
Jul												
Ago												
Sep												
Oct												
Nov												
Dic												



Table 2.4
GROSS RECEIPTS. MONTH AND YEAR TO DATE
(€ Million)

	MAY			YEAR TO DATE		
	2017	2016	%	2017	2016	%
Personal Income Tax	4 561	4 592	-0,7	35 275	34 049	3,6
- Payroll Withholdings	4 034	4 094	-1,5	30 132	29 249	3,0
- Public Administrations	1 492	1 545	-3,4	7 872	7 886	-0,2
- Large Corporations	2 470	2 442	1,2	14 100	13 600	3,7
- Small Businesses	23	25	-10,6	7 928	7 414	6,9
- Other	49	81	-40,1	233	350	-33,6
- Annual Return Result	151	139	8,1	583	557	4,6
- AEAT Assessments	67	69	-3,4	315	334	-5,6
Corporation Tax	317	661	-52,1	7 807	5 080	53,7
- Annual Return Result	61	63	-3,3	407	372	9,5
- AEAT Assessments	119	472	-74,8	577	900	-35,9
Value Added Tax	5 143	5 081	1,2	39 877	36 938	8,0
- Import	1 205	1 102	9,3	6 214	5 584	11,3
- Large Corporations	3 360	3 331	0,9	18 740	17 500	7,1
- Small Businesses	115	87	32,3	12 769	11 516	10,9
- Other	462	561	-17,5	2 153	2 338	-7,9
Excise Taxes	1 563	1 600	-2,3	8 231	8 156	0,9
- Alcohol	66	70	-5,8	366	329	11,2
- Beer	22	23	-2,5	116	115	0,4
- Fuels	864	874	-1,2	4 575	4 472	2,3
- Tobacco	515	523	-1,6	2 442	2 543	-4,0
- Electricity	93	106	-12,9	556	550	1,2
- Coal	0	0	-	166	130	27,1
- Other	3	3	1,4	10	15	-32,3
Other gross receipts	1 470	1 009	45,7	4 816	4 593	4,9
TOTAL GROSS RECEIPTS	13 052	12 943	0,8	96 006	88 815	8,1

3. HOMOGENEOUS TAX REVENUE

Table 3.1
ABSTRACT. MONTH AND YEAR TO DATE
(€ Million)

	MAY			YEAR TO DATE		
	2017	2016	%	2017	2016	%
PIT, Total Revenue	2 090	1 912	9,3	29 911	28 941	3,4
<i>Total adjustments</i>	65	160	-59,2	1 490	1 146	30,0
+ Different refunds schedules in 2016/2017	51	199	-74,5	1 328	1 182	12,4
+ Public Administrations payroll withholdings	0	- 54	100,0	0	- 198	100,0
+ Other	15	15	-0,4	163	163	0,0
PIT, Homogeneous	2 155	2 072	4,1	31 401	30 087	4,4
CT, Total Revenue	181	543	-66,6	2 213	- 539	-
<i>Total adjustments</i>	- 31	- 39	19,3	3 754	3 993	-6,0
+ Different refunds schedules in 2016/2017	- 31	- 39	19,5	3 772	3 994	-5,6
+ Other	0	0	-50,5	- 18	- 1	-
CT, Homogeneous	150	504	-70,3	5 966	3 454	72,8
VAT, Total Revenue	3 152	2 924	7,8	31 049	28 702	8,2
<i>Total adjustments</i>	176	401	-56,0	330	91	-
+ Different refunds schedules in 2016/2017	176	401	-56,0	330	91	-
+ Other	0	0	-	0	0	-
VAT, Homogeneous	3 328	3 325	0,1	31 379	28 792	9,0
Excise Taxes, Total Revenue	1 551	1 557	-0,4	8 088	7 923	2,1
<i>Total adjustments</i>	42	67	-37,7	203	327	-38,1
+ Tobacco yield in Basque Country and Navarra	38	41	-6,5	169	194	-12,9
+ Other	4	27	-85,2	33	133	-75,0
Excise Taxes, Homogeneous	1 593	1 624	-1,9	8 290	8 250	0,5
Other Revenue	1 390	866	60,5	4 268	4 058	5,2
<i>Total adjustments</i>	- 352	23	-	- 261	- 264	1,1
+ Levy on radio and electric spectrum use	- 304	26	-	- 214	- 222	3,4
+ Other	- 47	- 3	-	- 47	- 43	-11,1
Other Homogeneous revenue	1 039	889	16,8	4 007	3 794	5,6
HOMOGENEOUS TOTAL REVENUE	8 265	8 414	-1,8	81 044	74 377	9,0

Table 3.2
HOMOGENEOUS TAX REVENUE. EVOLUTION
(€ Million)

	MONTHLY						YEAR TO DATE					
	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2016												
Jan	10 244	109	1 437	1 733	703	14 226	10 244	109	1 437	1 733	703	14 226
Feb	4 901	- 33	13 797	1 541	1 012	21 219	15 145	77	15 234	3 274	1 715	35 445
Mar	4 456	- 65	2 449	1 552	584	8 976	19 601	12	17 684	4 826	2 299	44 421
Apr	8 414	2 938	7 784	1 800	606	21 542	28 015	2 950	25 467	6 626	2 905	65 963
May	2 072	504	3 325	1 624	889	8 414	30 087	3 454	28 792	8 250	3 794	74 377
Jun	1 491	304	2 728	1 663	934	7 120	31 578	3 757	31 520	9 913	4 729	81 497
Jul	13 723	657	8 809	1 792	733	25 715	45 301	4 414	40 329	11 705	5 462	107 212
Aug	4 108	4 847	4 256	1 816	664	15 691	49 409	9 261	44 585	13 521	6 126	122 902
Sep	3 530	196	2 680	1 837	961	9 204	52 939	9 457	47 265	15 358	7 087	132 106
Oct	8 308	12 750	9 105	1 798	725	32 686	61 247	22 207	56 369	17 156	7 813	164 791
Nov	6 280	- 253	3 594	1 664	932	12 217	67 527	21 954	59 964	18 820	8 744	177 009
Dec	4 719	60	2 219	1 711	683	9 392	72 246	22 014	62 183	20 531	9 427	186 400
2017												
Jan	10 804	257	1 597	1 842	688	15 187	10 804	257	1 597	1 842	688	15 187
Feb	5 009	- 164	15 126	1 420	968	22 360	15 813	93	16 723	3 262	1 656	37 547
Mar	4 477	- 139	2 594	1 526	732	9 190	20 290	- 46	19 317	4 788	2 388	46 737
Apr	8 956	5 862	8 733	1 910	581	26 042	29 246	5 817	28 051	6 698	2 968	72 779
May	2 155	150	3 328	1 593	1 039	8 265	31 401	5 966	31 379	8 290	4 007	81 044
Jun												
Jul												
Aug												
Sep												
Oct												
Nov												
Dec												

GROWTH RATES (%)

	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2012	1,6	22,4	-1,2	-3,6	-5,3	1,9	1,6	22,4	-1,2	-3,6	-5,3	1,9
2013	-0,2	-3,8	9,5	4,7	18,7	3,6	-0,2	-3,8	9,5	4,7	18,7	3,6
2014	3,3	-1,9	6,5	1,7	4,9	3,6	3,3	-1,9	6,5	1,7	4,9	3,6
2015	-0,9	15,7	6,6	1,9	14,9	4,3	-0,9	15,7	6,6	1,9	14,9	4,3
2016	0,0	4,1	3,0	1,0	-0,9	1,5	0,0	4,1	3,0	1,0	-0,9	1,5

	MONTHLY						YEAR TO DATE					
	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL	PIT	CT	VAT	Excise Taxes	Other	TOTAL
2016												
Jan	-4,9	-46,6	42,5	-0,7	17,4	-0,7	-4,9	-46,6	42,5	-0,7	17,4	-0,7
Feb	0,3	-116,5	-2,2	-3,4	7,6	-1,4	-3,3	-59,6	0,8	-2,0	11,4	-1,1
Mar	-1,0	-	11,6	8,7	53,3	2,8	-2,8	-97,2	2,2	1,2	19,7	-0,3
Apr	-2,2	-47,9	4,4	-5,0	23,2	-10,5	-2,6	-51,3	2,8	-0,5	20,4	-3,9
May	-7,4	-	5,3	4,1	7,3	6,1	-2,9	-44,3	3,1	0,3	17,1	-2,9
Jun	-23,4	-44,4	0,1	1,9	15,0	-7,1	-4,1	-44,3	2,9	0,6	16,7	-3,3
Jul	3,2	9,7	5,8	3,8	-32,7	2,7	-2,0	-39,9	3,5	1,1	6,2	-1,9
Aug	-0,8	1,9	-2,3	-4,1	-19,6	-1,8	-1,9	-23,5	2,9	0,4	2,6	-1,9
Sep	5,7	98,4	7,0	5,7	-1,2	6,4	-1,5	-22,5	3,1	1,0	2,1	-1,3
Oct	4,6	46,5	4,1	-0,7	10,1	17,3	-0,7	6,2	3,3	0,8	2,8	1,9
Nov	2,8	40,2	2,9	-4,1	-11,4	2,1	-0,4	7,2	3,3	0,3	1,1	1,9
Dec	4,8	-90,9	-3,3	9,6	-20,5	-4,9	0,0	4,1	3,0	1,0	-0,9	1,5
2017												
Jan	5,5	134,7	11,1	6,3	-2,1	6,8	5,5	134,7	11,1	6,3	-2,1	6,8
Feb	2,2	-	9,6	-7,9	-4,3	5,4	4,4	21,2	9,8	-0,4	-3,4	5,9
Mar	0,5	-114,0	5,9	-1,7	25,3	2,4	3,5	-	9,2	-0,8	3,9	5,2
Apr	6,4	99,6	12,2	6,1	-4,2	20,9	4,4	97,2	10,1	1,1	2,2	10,3
May	4,1	-70,3	0,1	-1,9	16,8	-1,8	4,4	72,8	9,0	0,5	5,6	9,0
Jun												
Jul												
Aug												
Sep												
Oct												
Nov												
Dec												



Table 3.3
HOMOGENEOUS GROSS RECEIPTS. MONTH AND YEAR TO DATE
(€ Million)

	MAY			YEAR TO DATE		
	2017	2016	%	2017	2016	%
Personal Income Tax	4 561	4 538	0,5	35 100	33 850	3,7
- Payroll Withholdings	4 034	4 040	-0,2	30 132	29 051	3,7
- Public Administrations	1 492	1 492	0,0	7 872	7 688	2,4
- Large Corporations	2 470	2 442	1,2	14 100	13 600	3,7
- Small Businesses	23	25	-10,6	7 928	7 414	6,9
- Other	49	81	-40,1	233	350	-33,6
- Annual Return Result	151	139	8,1	583	557	4,6
- AEAT Assessments	67	69	-3,4	315	334	-5,6
Corporation Tax	317	661	-52,1	7 717	5 079	51,9
- Annual Return Result	61	63	-3,3	407	372	9,5
- AEAT Assessments	119	472	-74,8	577	900	-35,9
Value Added Tax	5 143	5 081	1,2	39 877	36 938	8,0
- Import	1 205	1 102	9,3	6 214	5 584	11,3
- Large Corporations	3 360	3 331	0,9	18 740	17 500	7,1
- Small Businesses	115	87	32,3	12 769	11 516	10,9
- Other	462	561	-17,5	2 153	2 338	-7,9
Excise Taxes	1 601	1 640	-2,4	8 400	8 350	0,6
- Alcohol	66	70	-5,8	366	329	11,2
- Beer	22	23	-2,5	116	115	0,4
- Fuels	864	874	-1,2	4 575	4 472	2,3
- Tobacco	553	564	-1,9	2 611	2 737	-4,6
- Electricity	93	106	-12,9	556	550	1,2
- Coal	0	0	-	166	130	27,1
- Other	3	3	1,4	10	15	-32,3
Other gross receipts	1 086	961	13,1	4 334	4 131	4,9
TOTAL GROSS RECEIPTS	12 707	12 881	-1,4	95 429	88 348	8,0



<u>III. CHARTS</u>



MONTHLY

TAX REVENUE

CHART 1.1 € billion and 12M CMA

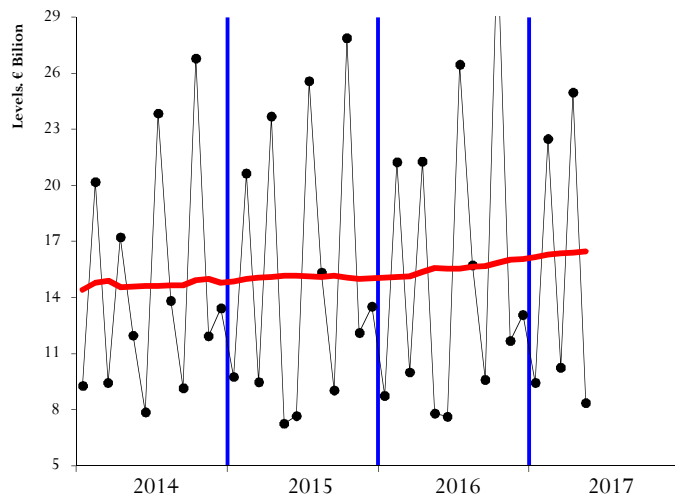


CHART 1.2 annual and 12M CMA rate

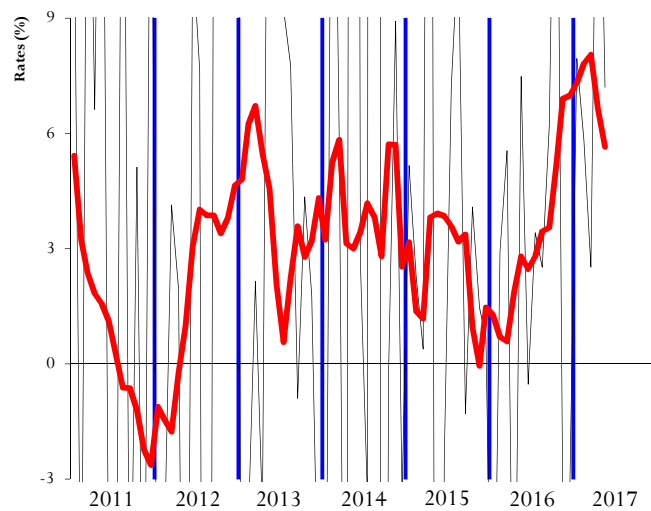
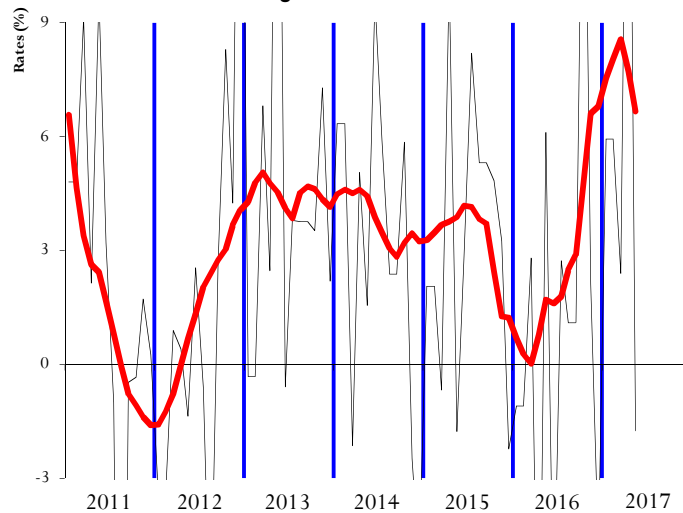


CHART 1.3 Homogeneous: annual and 12M CMA rate





PIT

CORPORATION TAX

CHART 2.1 € billion and 12M CMA

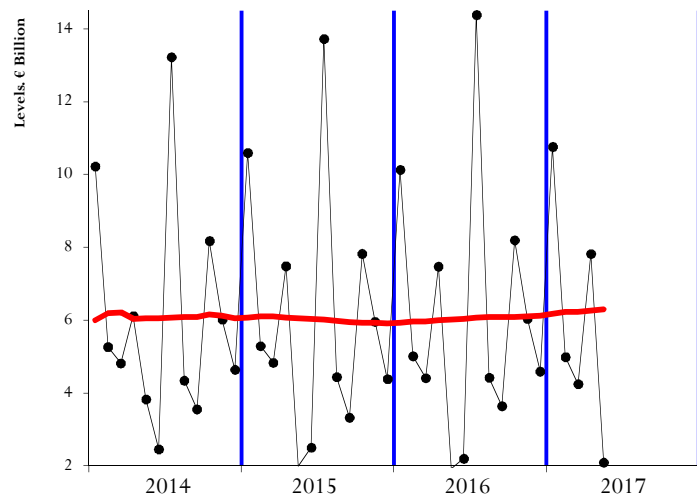


CHART 3.1 € billion and 12M CMA

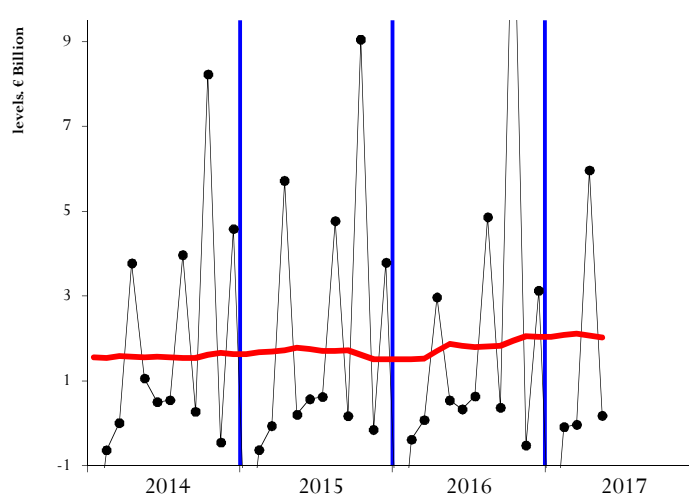


CHART 2.2 annual and 12M CMA rate

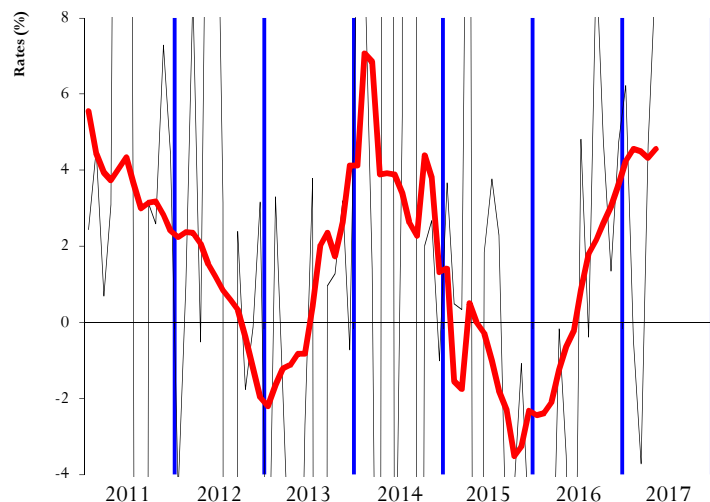


CHART 3.2 annual and 12M CMA rate

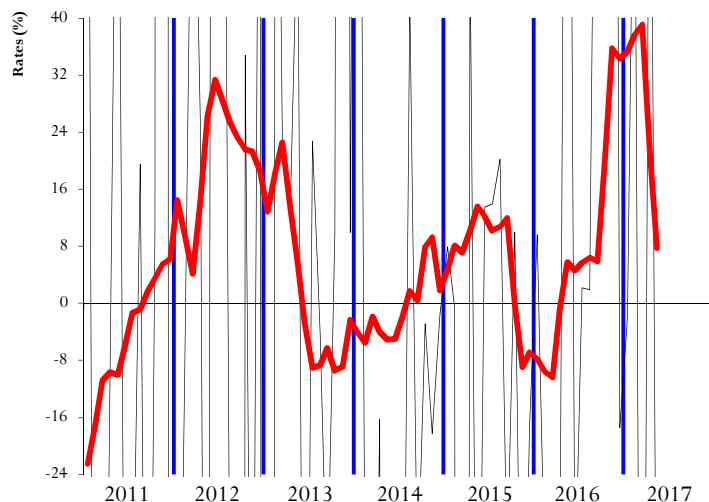


CHART 2.3 Homogeneous: annual and 12M CMA rate

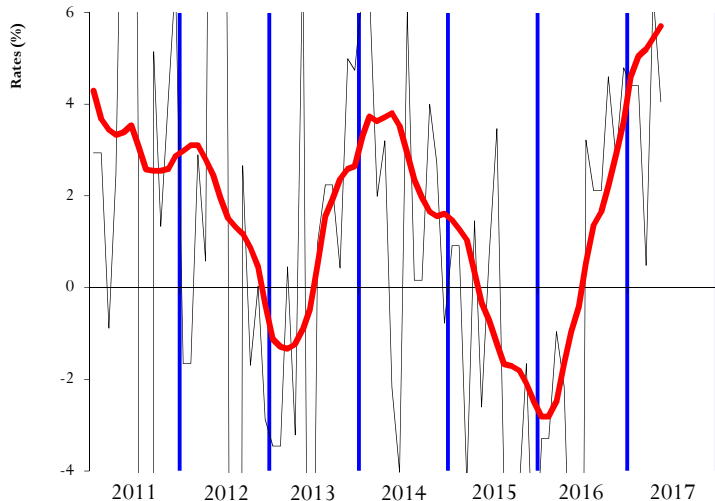
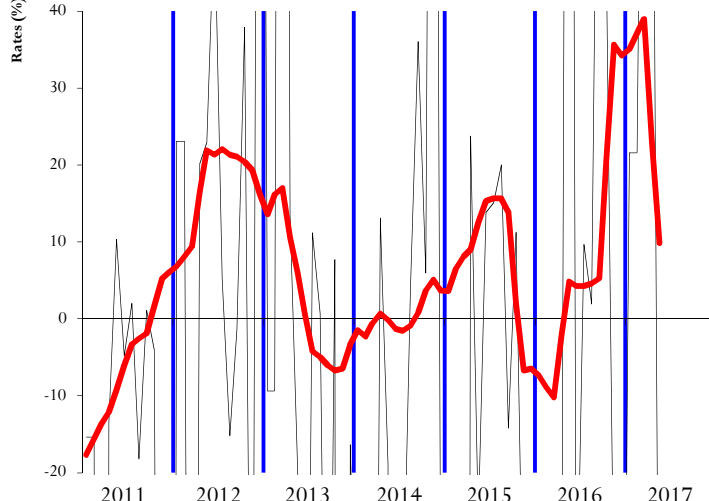


CHART 3.3 Homogeneous: annual and 12M CMA rate



VAT

CHART 4.1 € billion and 12M CMA

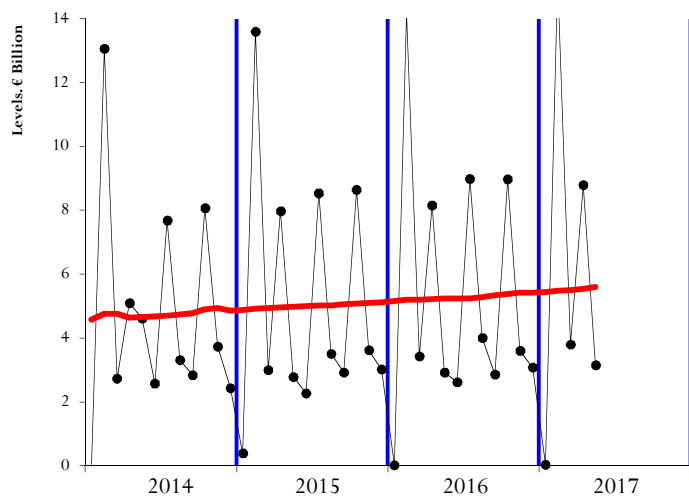


CHART 5.1 € billion and 12M CMA

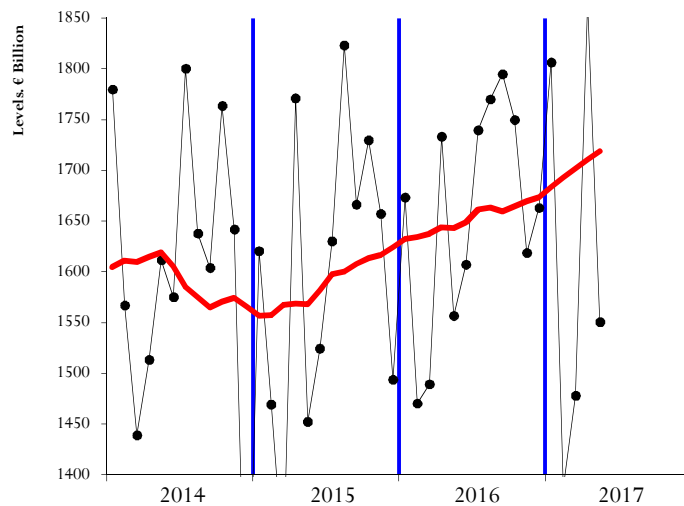


CHART 4.2 annual and 12M CMA rate

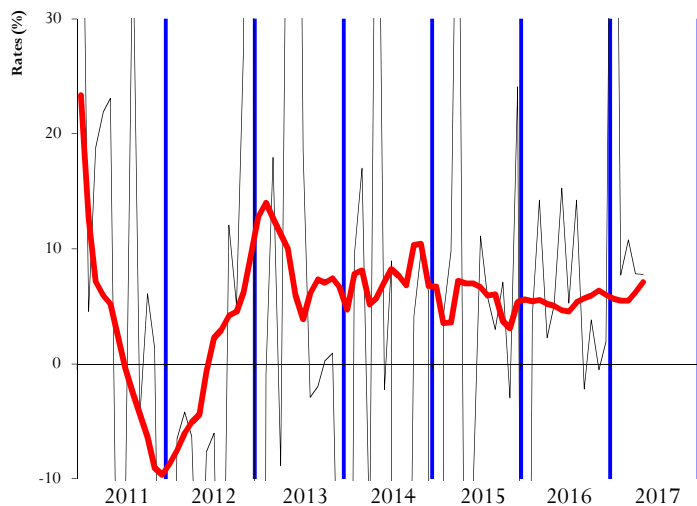


CHART 5.2 annual and 12M CMA rate

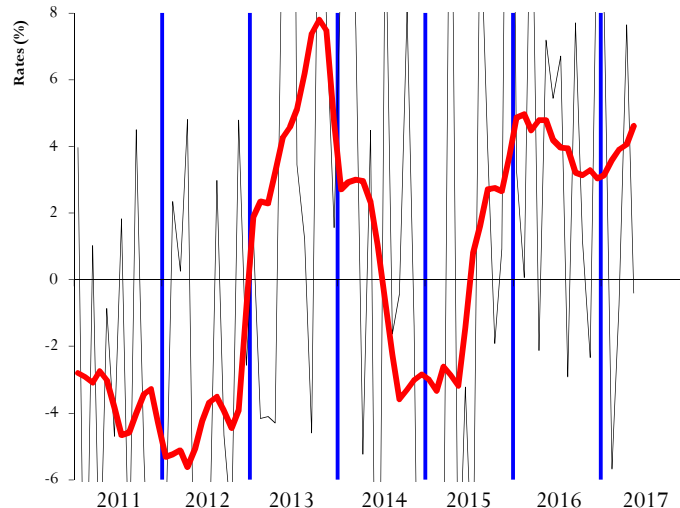


CHART 4.3 Homogeneous: annual and 12M CMA rate

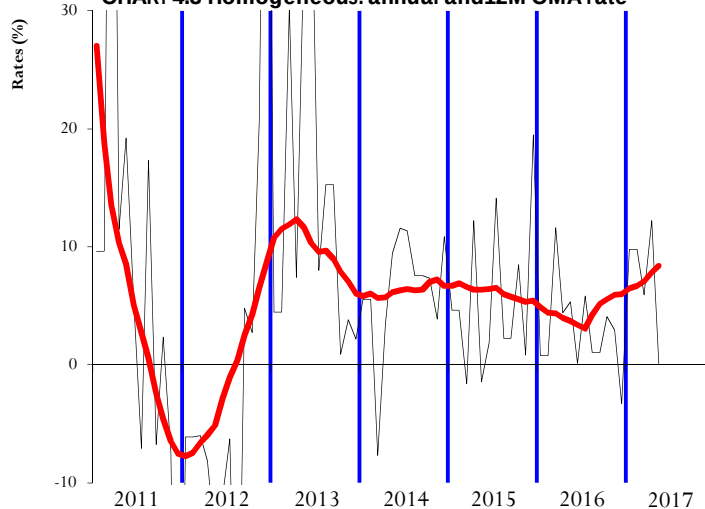
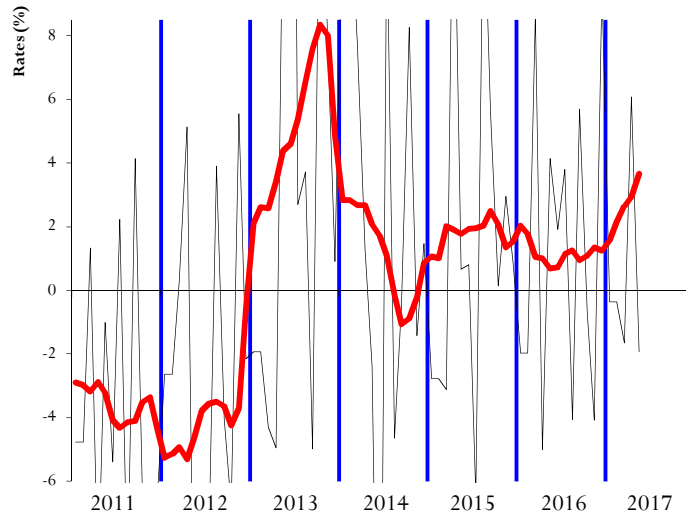


CHART 5.3 Homogeneous: annual and 12M CMA rate





QUARTERLY

TAX REVENUE (quarterly)

CHART 1T.1 TOTAL: annual and smoothed rate

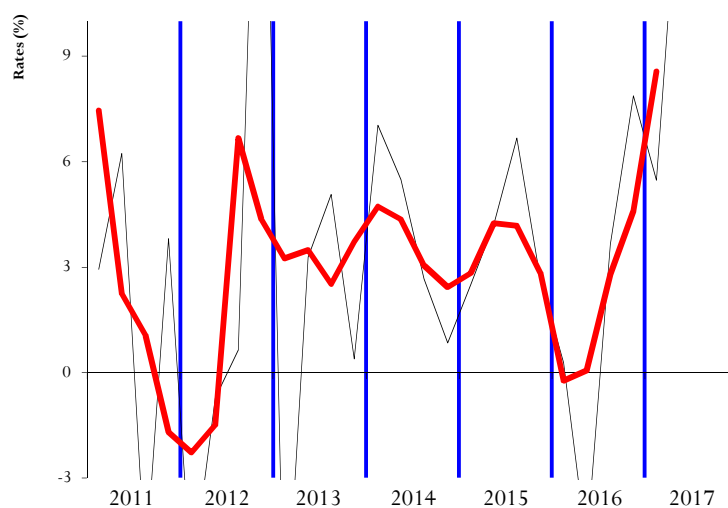
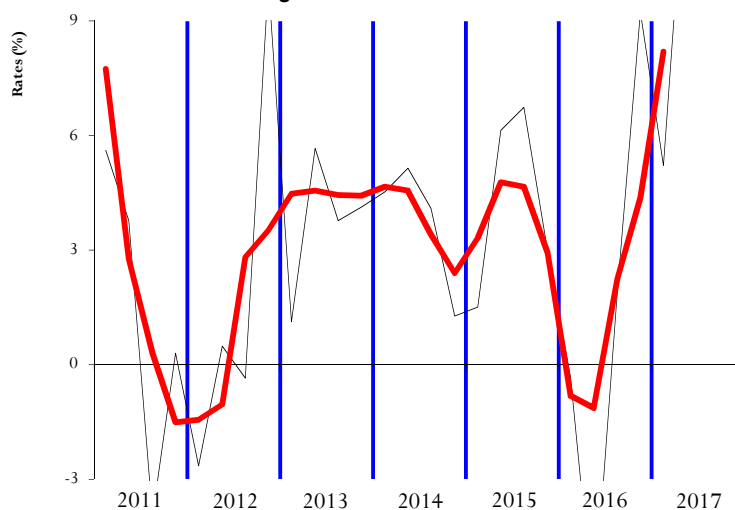


CHART 1T.2 Homogeneous: annual and smoothed rate





PIT (quarterly)

CORPORATION TAX (quarterly)

CHART 2T.1 TOTAL: annual and smoothed rate

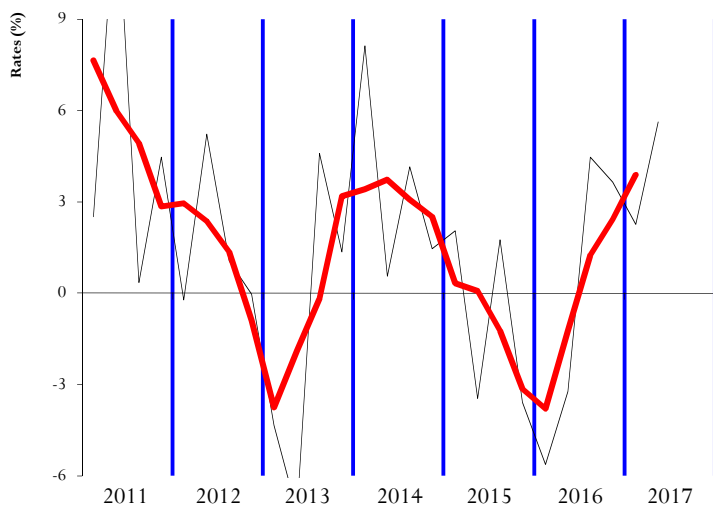


CHART 3T.1 TOTAL: annual and smoothed rate

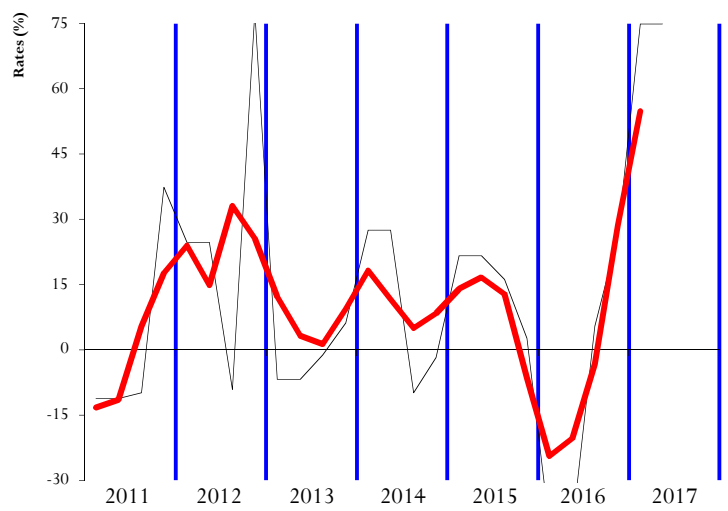


CHART 2T.2 Homogeneous: annual and smoothed rate

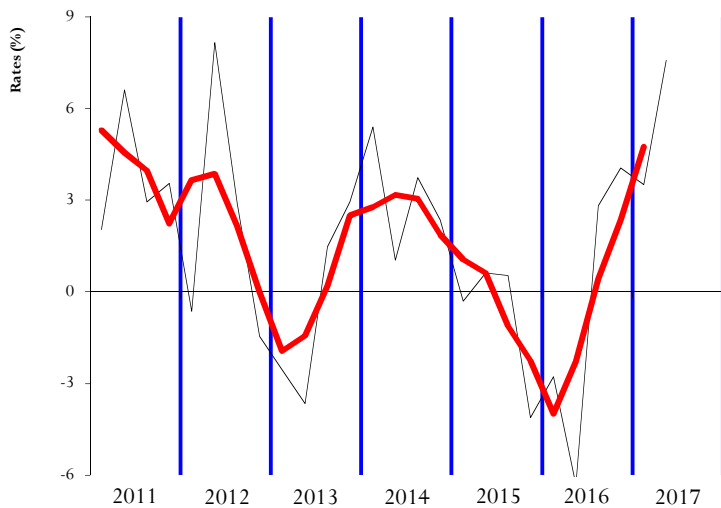
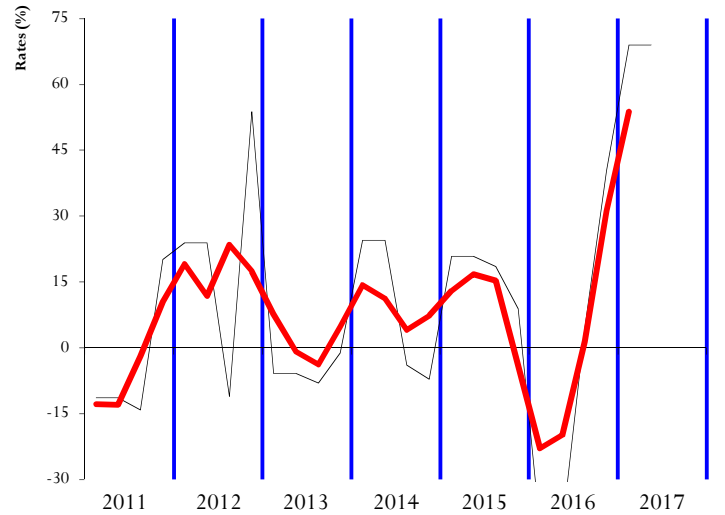


CHART 3T.2 Homog.: annual and smoothed rate



VAT (quarterly)

EXCISE TAXES (quarterly)

CHART 4T.1 TOTAL: annual and smoothed rate

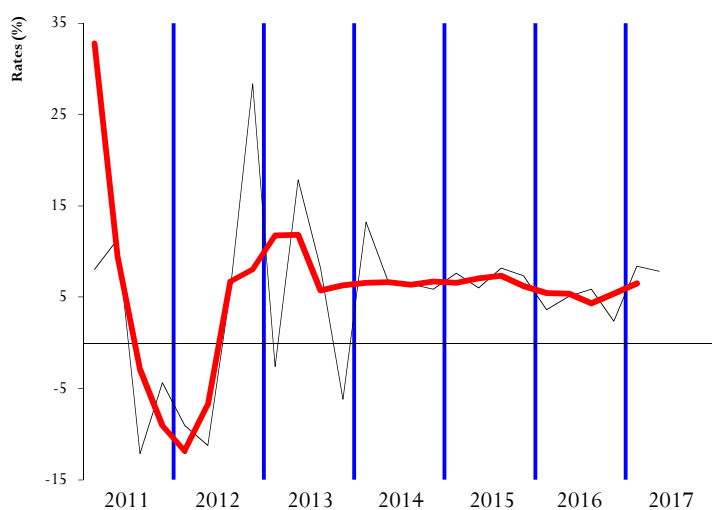


CHART 5T.1 TOTAL: annual and smoothed rate

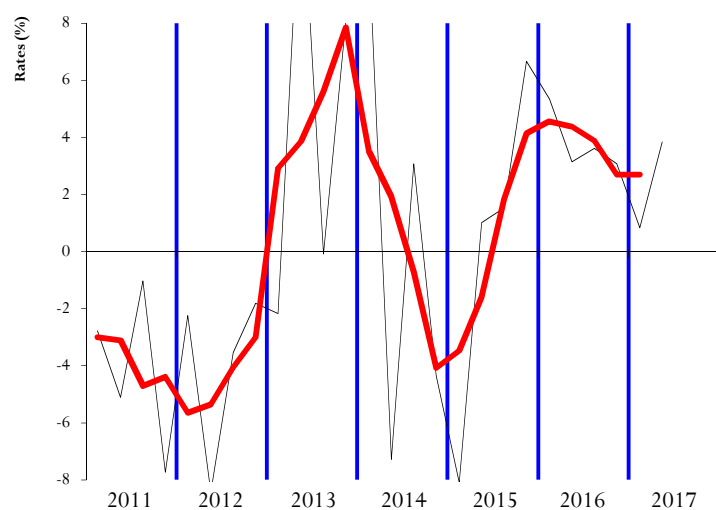


CHART 4T.2 Homog.: annual and smoothed rate

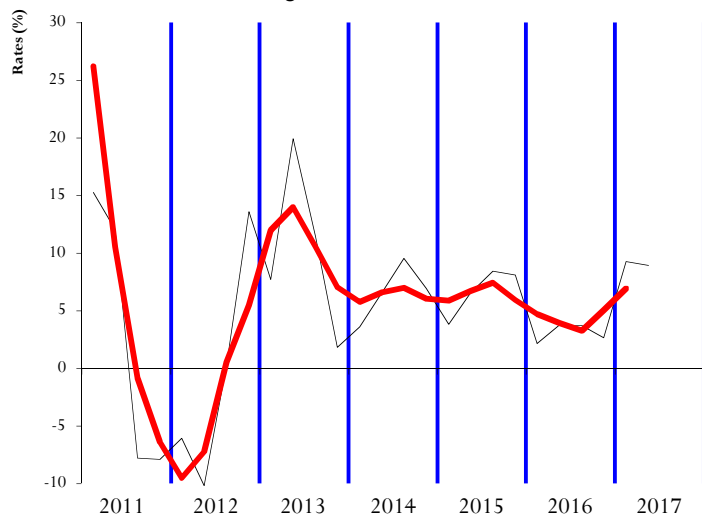
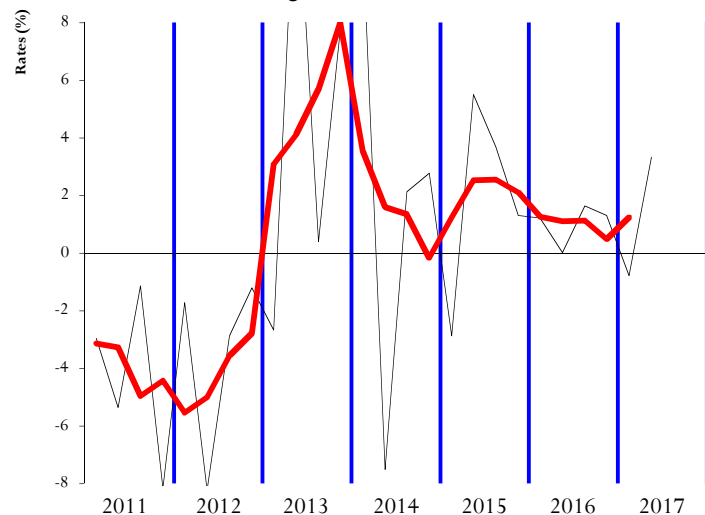


CHART 5T.2 Homog.: annual and smoothed rate





<u>IV. METHODOLOGICAL NOTES AND SOURCES</u>
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Tax Revenue Monthly Report (TRMR) reflects the monthly level and evolution of **taxes yield managed by Spanish Tax Agency (A.E.A.T.)** on behalf of the Central Government and the Local Authorities (Regional Governments called “Autonomous Communities” and Town Councils or “Municipalities” inside the common fiscal territory).

1. Cash method to measure revenue.

TRMR tax revenue is presented as **cash and net yield** (gross receipts minus refunds). The net measure explains the emergence of negative figures in some months.

For a more accurate reading, the rates of TRMR tables are subject to some limits. Thus, the sign of PIT annual return or net VAT rates is inverted in order to show their improvement or worsening more clearly. Besides, the rate is omitted if it is the result of an undefined or undetermined expression, or if the increase/fall is extravagant because one of the figures compared is too small.

2. Budget Non-financial receipts scope.

Budget field of tax revenue managed by A.E.A.T. includes:

- Personal Income Tax, Corporation Tax and Non-Residents Income Tax, as well as other direct taxes belonging to Chapter I of the Budget. Insurance and pensions fund contributions from public officials are excluded;
- Value Added Tax, Excise Taxes and other indirect taxes contained in Chapter II of the Budget;
- Fees, Levies and other Chapter III receipts, comprising surcharges, interests and penalties.

Monthly and yearly non-financial revenue evolution (Chapters I to VII of State Revenue Budget) can be consulted on line in “General Intervention Board of State Administration” (I.G.A.E.) web.

Revenue managed by A.E.A.T. means more than eighty per cent of State total non-financial revenue, before subtracting Local Authorities share.

3. Territorial funding system.

Autonomous Communities and Municipalities share on total tax revenue is about 40% in the last years and it is carried out through:

- Twelve equal payments on account of final year yield of assigned taxes.
- The final settlement of year T-2 paid in year T (July).

4. Homogeneous Tax Revenue.

Homogeneous Tax Revenue are obtained amending the distorting factors that make difficult the comparison of current year revenue figures with those of the same period in the previous year. The effects usually amended are:

- a) Large public withholders' payment delays;
- b) Changes in taxes self-assessments procedures;
- c) Endorsement of new taxes affecting one single year;
- d) Taxes removal;
- e) Different refunds schedules in each of the compared years.

5. Quarterly series of tax bases and accrued taxes yield.

Quarterly series of tax bases and accrued taxes yield are published together with TRMR in February, April, July and October. The target is to make easier the analysis of tax revenue evolution through the information about the bases on which taxes are worked out and through the measure of yield following the accrual period (accrued revenue, instead of cash revenue). Tax bases and accrued revenue allows a more accurate taxes effective rates estimate, since they are not distorted by the gap between the period in which the tax is calculated and the period in which the tax is actually paid.

Tax bases and accrued revenue are estimated from the data contained in self-assessments and informative forms submitted by tax payers.

Bases are estimated for the four main tax items: PIT (gross households' income), CT (consolidated corporation tax base), VAT (spending subject to VAT) and Excise taxes (monetary value of consumptions, instead of physical units, in order to obtain an aggregate total base).

To work out the accrued revenue, in each form are added together the keys of receipts (including tax current account receipts), deferments, requests for compensation of fiscal debts, inability to pay, and public outlays that, at the same time, are fiscal receipts. Then, from this gross accrued receipts are subtracted the keys of refunds claims (including tax current account refunds) to obtain accrued net taxes figure. The exceptions are, on one hand, PIT and CT annual returns because they are collected one year later. So, the current accrued taxes series published together with TRMR include an estimate of annual returns worked out from bases and withholdings. On the other hand, there is another exception in "Period VAT", which is the accrued VAT reference variable: it is a measure that approaches output and input VAT and, therefore, it does not depend on how the tax is assessed and it is closer to spending subject to VAT. Yet, gross accrued VAT, refunds claims and net accrued VAT are calculated too following the most widely used criteria.



6. Monthly Receipts. May.

Personal Income Tax:

Monthly PIT withholdings (large companies and public sector).

2016 Annual return campaign.

VAT:

Monthly self assessments.

Manufacturing Excise Taxes:

Alcohol, Beer and Intermediate Products: February payments for large companies. First quarter payment for the rest.

Fuels and Tobacco: April payments.

Electricity: April payments for large companies.

7. Other regular information and monthly tax calendar.

Besides the usual content, TRMR includes a more detailed analysis of main receipts in some months:

- (1) Large corporations and small businesses receipts evolution (February, April, July and October).
- (2) Bases of the main taxes and accrued tax revenue (February, April, July and October).
- (3) CT instalments (April, October and December).
- (4) PIT annual return (May, June, July, August, September, October and November).
- (5) CT annual return (August).

More information at the AEAT's web, *Statistics*:

- *Recaudación tributaria* (Tax revenue reports, with English translations)
- *Estadísticas por impuesto* (Tax statistics: PIT, Property Tax, CT, VAT, tax data on Labour and Pensions, motor vehicle tax, excise taxes)
- *Ventas, Empleo y Salarios en las Grandes Empresas* (Large Companies Sales, Employment, and Wages monthly reports)
- *Comercio exterior* (Foreign trade statistics).



In 2017, the expected dates for TRMR publication in A.E.A.T. web are:

March, 30.....	December 2016 report
March, 30.....	January 2017 report
March, 30.....	February 2017 report
April, 27.....	March 2017 report
May, 30.....	April 2017 report
June, 27.....	May 2017 report
July, 27.....	June 2017 report
August, 31.....	July 2017 report
September, 28.....	August 2017 report
October, 31.....	September 2017 report
November, 28.....	October 2017 report
December, 28.....	November 2017 report